

An elderly couple is shown in a close embrace on a dark grey couch. The woman, with short grey hair, is wearing a black and white striped long-sleeved shirt and has her arms around the man's shoulders. The man, with grey hair and a mustache, is wearing a maroon sweater over a light blue collared shirt and blue jeans. They are both looking down with gentle expressions. The background is a softly blurred living room with wooden shelves and a bookshelf.

morphosys

MORPHOSYS:

# *Redefining How Cancer Is Treated*

Corporate Presentation | March 2024

## Additional Information and Where to Find It

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The takeover offer described in this communication (the “Takeover Offer”) has not yet commenced. This communication is neither an offer to purchase nor a solicitation of an offer to sell shares of MorphoSys AG (the “Company”). The final terms and further provisions regarding the Takeover Offer will be in the offer document once the publication of the offer document by Novartis BidCo AG (formerly known as Novartis data42 AG) (the “Bidder”) has been approved by the German Federal Financial Supervisory Authority (the “BaFin”), after which the offer document will be filed with the U.S. Securities and Exchange Commission (the “SEC”). A solicitation and an offer to buy shares of the Company will be made only pursuant the offer document. In connection with the Takeover Offer, the Bidder and Novartis AG will file a Tender Offer Statement on Schedule TO with the SEC (together with the offer document, an Offer to Purchase including the means to tender and other related documents, the “Takeover Offer Documents”), the Company’s management board and supervisory board will issue a joint reasoned statement in accordance with sec. 27 of the German Securities Acquisition and Takeover Act and the Company will file a Solicitation/Recommendation Statement on Schedule 14D-9 with the SEC (together with the joint reasoned statement, the “Recommendation Statements”). THE COMPANY’S STOCKHOLDERS AND OTHER INVESTORS ARE URGED TO READ THE TAKEOVER OFFER DOCUMENTS AND THE RECOMMENDATION STATEMENTS BECAUSE THEY WILL CONTAIN IMPORTANT INFORMATION WHICH SHOULD BE READ CAREFULLY BEFORE ANY DECISION IS MADE WITH RESPECT TO THE TAKEOVER OFFER. The Takeover Offer Documents and the Recommendation Statements will be distributed to all stockholders of the Company in accordance with German and U.S. securities laws. The Tender Offer Statement on Schedule TO and the Solicitation/Recommendation Statement on Schedule 14D-9 will be made available for free at the SEC’s website at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov). Additional copies may be obtained for free by contacting the Bidder or the Company. Free copies of these materials and certain other offering documents will be made available on the Company’s website in English at [morphosys.com/en/investors/Novartis-TakeoverOffer](http://morphosys.com/en/investors/Novartis-TakeoverOffer) and in German at [morphosys.com/de/investoren/Novartis-TakeoverOffer](http://morphosys.com/de/investoren/Novartis-TakeoverOffer), by mail to MorphoSys AG, Semmelweisstrasse 7, 82152 Planegg, Germany or by phone at +49 89 8992 7179.

In addition to the Offer to Purchase, including the means to tender and certain other Takeover Offer Documents, as well as the Solicitation/Recommendation Statement, the Company files other information with the SEC. The Company’s filings with the SEC are also available for free to the public from commercial document-retrieval services and at the website maintained by the SEC at [www.sec.gov](http://www.sec.gov) and are also available free of charge under the “SEC Filings” section of the Company’s website at [www.morphosys.com/en/investors](http://www.morphosys.com/en/investors).

In order to reconcile certain areas where German law and U.S. law conflict, Novartis AG and the Bidder expect to request no-action and exemptive relief from the SEC to conduct the Takeover Offer in the manner described in the offer document.

Acceptance of the Takeover Offer by stockholders residing outside Germany and the United States of America may be subject to further legal requirements. With respect to the acceptance of the Takeover Offer outside Germany and the United States, no responsibility is assumed for the compliance with such legal requirements applicable in the respective jurisdiction.



# Forward-Looking Statements

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This communication contains certain forward-looking statements concerning the Company, the Bidder and the Takeover Offer that involve substantial risks and uncertainties. Forward-looking statements include any statements containing the words “anticipate,” “believe,” “estimate,” “expect,” “intend,” “goal,” “may,” “might,” “plan,” “predict,” “project,” “seek,” “target,” “potential,” “will,” “would,” “could,” “should,” “continue” and similar expressions. In this communication, the Company’s forward-looking statements include statements about the parties’ ability to satisfy the conditions to the consummation of the Takeover Offer; statements about the expected timetable for the consummation of the Takeover Offer; the Company’s plans, objectives, expectations and intentions; and the financial condition, results of operations and business of the Company and Novartis AG.

The forward-looking statements contained in this communication represent the judgment of the Company as of the date of this communication and involve known and unknown risks and uncertainties, which might cause the actual results, financial condition and liquidity, performance or achievements of the Company, or industry results, to be materially different from any historic or future results, financial conditions and liquidity, performance or achievements expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. In addition, even if the Company’s results, performance, financial condition and liquidity, and the development of the industry in which it operates are consistent with such forward-looking statements, they may not be predictive of results or developments in future periods. Those risks and uncertainties that could cause the actual results to differ from expectations contemplated by forward-looking statements include, among other things: uncertainties as to the timing of the Takeover Offer; uncertainties as to how many of the Company’s stockholders will tender their stock in the Takeover Offer; the possibility that competing offers will be made; the possibility that various conditions for the Takeover Offer may not be satisfied or waived, including that a governmental entity may prohibit, delay or refuse to grant approval for the consummation of the Takeover Offer; the effects of the Takeover Offer on relationships with employees, other business partners or governmental entities; that the Bidder and Novartis AG may not realize the potential benefits of the Takeover Offer; transaction costs associated with the Takeover Offer; that the Company’s expectations may be incorrect; the inherent uncertainties associated with competitive developments, clinical trial and product development activities and regulatory approval requirements; the Company’s reliance on collaborations with third parties; estimating the commercial potential of the Company’s development programs; and other risks indicated in the risk factors included in the Company’s filings with the SEC, including the Company’s Annual Report on Form 20-F, as well as the Solicitation/Recommendation Statement on Schedule 14D-9 to be filed by the Company and the Tender Offer Statement on Schedule TO and related Takeover Offer Documents to be filed by the Bidder and Novartis AG. Given these uncertainties, the reader is advised not to place any undue reliance on such forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements speak only as of the date of publication of this communication. The Company and the Bidder expressly disclaim any obligation to update any such forward-looking statements in this communication to reflect any change in its expectations with regard thereto or any change in events, conditions or circumstances on which any such statement is based or that may affect the likelihood that actual results will differ from those set forth in the forward-looking statements, unless specifically required by law or regulation.

# Strategic Oncology Focus with Strong Financial Position

*On February 5, 2024, MorphoSys entered into a Business Combination Agreement to be acquired by Novartis to advance its pipeline at greater speed and scale*

## OUR AMBITION

*Redefine How Cancer is Treated*

### PELABRESIB

Become new standard of care in myelofibrosis as combination therapy; expand into other myeloid diseases

### TULMIMETOSTAT

Advance investigations in solid tumors and lymphomas

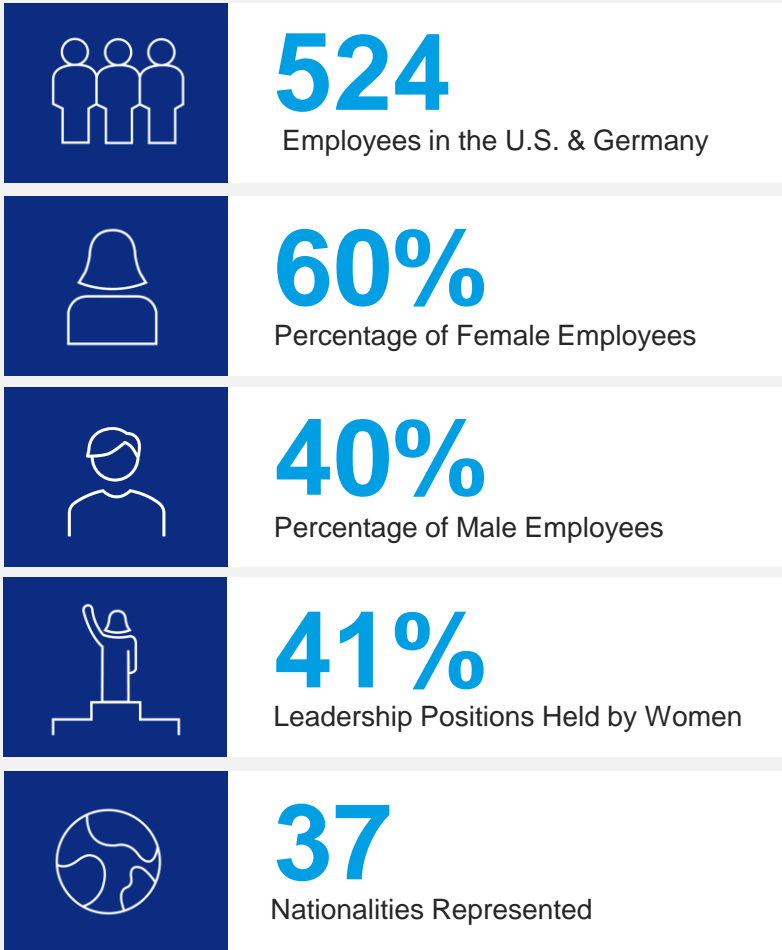
**CASH AVAILABLE APPROXIMATELY UNTIL EARLY 2026\***

\*On a standalone basis and including convertible debt repayment

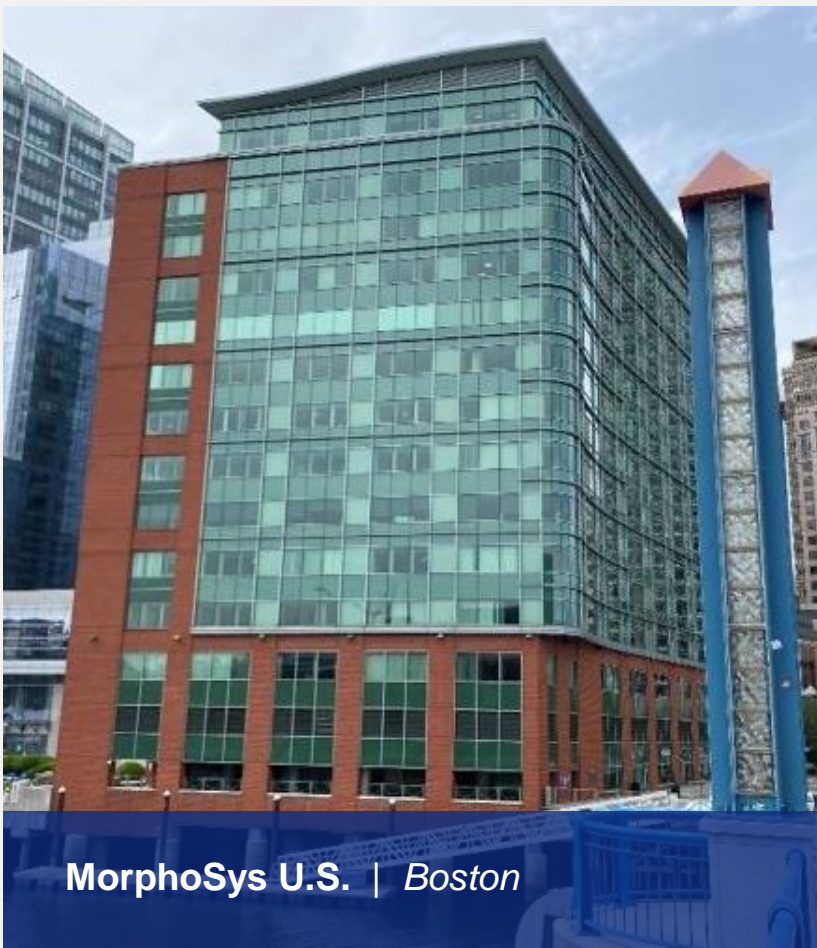
Pelabresib and tulmimetostat are investigational medicines and have not yet been evaluated or approved by regulatory authorities.

The development of pelabresib was funded in part by The Leukemia and Lymphoma Society®.

# World-Class Team Of Experts Driven to Redefine Cancer Care

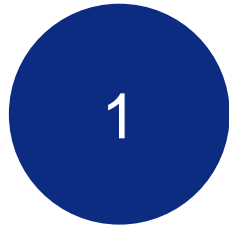


As of December 31, 2023

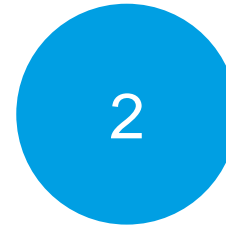


# Key 2024 Priorities

*MorphoSys and Novartis will continue to act as two separate companies, business as usual through expected close in first half of 2024*



Close proposed  
Novartis acquisition



Prepare and submit New Drug  
Application for pelabresib in combination  
with ruxolitinib in myelofibrosis to the  
FDA and a Marketing Authorization  
Application to the EMA



Complete tafasitamab  
transition to Incyte



Diligently manage cash runway  
and maintain business continuity

FDA, Food and Drug Administration; EMA, European Medicines Agency

# 01

## Transactions with Novartis and Incyte

Entered into Business Combination Agreement to be acquired by Novartis for € 68.00 per share in cash or € 2.7 billion equity value

Sold all tafasitamab rights worldwide to Incyte

# Novartis and Incyte Agreements in Best Interest of MorphoSys, Shareholders and Cancer Patients

*Following thorough review of strategic options, MorphoSys' Management Board and Supervisory Board unanimously approved both agreements*



**Provides Attractive,  
Immediate and Certain  
Value Creation for  
Shareholders**



**Accelerates Potential  
of Pelabresib on  
Global Scale  
Under Novartis**



**Allows for Future,  
Independent Growth of  
Tafasitamab More Efficiently  
Under Incyte**



# Agreements with Novartis and Incyte Expected to Provide Substantial Value to All Stakeholders

*The closing of the proposed acquisition by Novartis is currently expected to take place in the first half of 2024*

## NOVARTIS PUBLIC TAKEOVER OFFER

### Provides Attractive Premium for Shareholders

Offer price of € 68.00 per share in cash represents significant premium of 94% to 1M VWAP\*

### Maximizes Potential of Pelabresib

Novartis has ample resources, additional scientific expertise and global footprint

## SALE OF TAFASITAMAB TO INCYTE

### Keeps Program with Current Partner

Collaborating with Incyte on tafasitamab program since 2020

### Consolidates Program Under One Company

Incyte assumes full responsibility and cover all costs for development and commercialization of tafasitamab worldwide

\* VWAP, volume-weighted average price; as of the unaffected January 25, 2024, closing share price

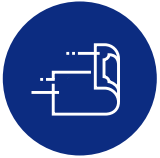
# Novartis Public Takeover Offer Provides Attractive, Immediate and Certain Value Creation Opportunity for Shareholders



- € 68 per share in cash



- 89% premium to the unaffected January 25, 2024, closing share price
- 94% premium to 1M VWAP\*
- 142% premium to 3M VWAP\*



- € 2.7 billion equity value



- Customary closing conditions including regulatory clearances
- Acceptance threshold of 65%
- MorphoSys and Novartis agreed to take MorphoSys private promptly after takeover offer is settled

\* VWAP, volume-weighted average price; as of the unaffected January 25, 2024, closing share price

# 02

## Pelabresib

Potential to become new standard of care in myelofibrosis as combination therapy and expand into other myeloid diseases

# Pelabresib Focus is First-Line Myelofibrosis, with Expansion into Other Myeloid Diseases

## MYELOPROLIFERATIVE NEOPLASMS AND ADJACENCIES

### PIVOTAL STAGE



- Pelabresib and ruxolitinib improved all four hallmarks of myelofibrosis in Phase 3 MANIFEST-2 study
- Intend to file for approval in U.S. and Europe in mid-2024

### CLINICAL PROOF-OF-CONCEPT STAGE



Initiate Phase 2 study

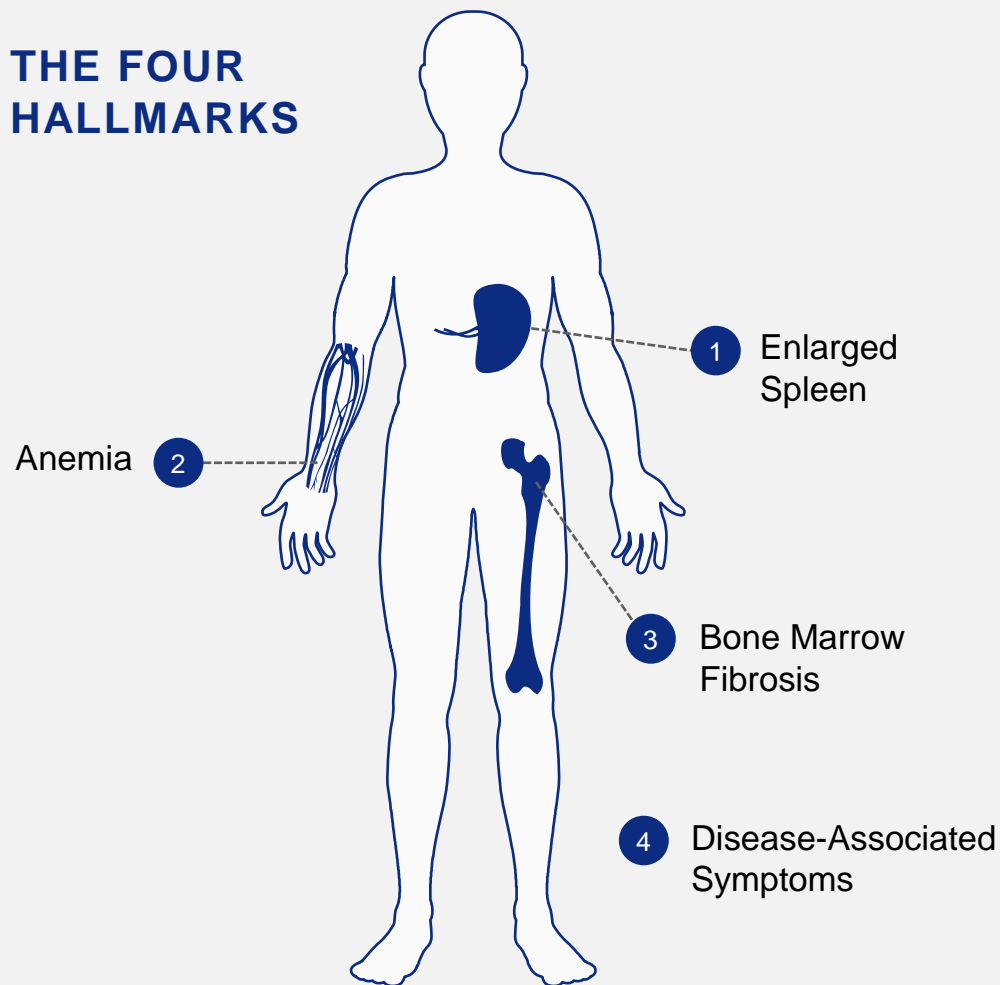


Phase 2 proof-of-concept results show potential clinical benefit



# No Approved Myelofibrosis Treatments Address All Four Hallmarks of Disease; New Therapies are Critically Needed

## THE FOUR HALLMARKS



## EPIDEMIOLOGY

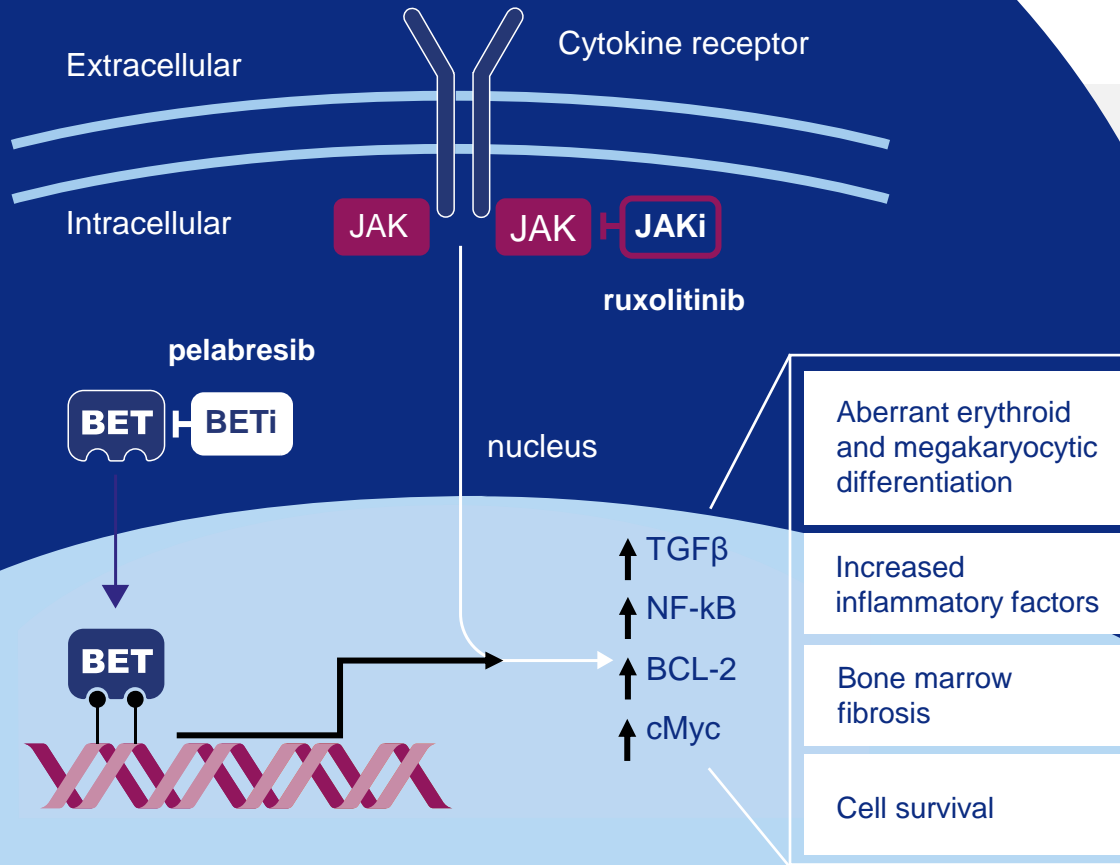
- **~18,000 patients** in the U.S., with **3,200 diagnosed annually**
- **~18,000 patients** in Europe, with **3,400 diagnosed annually**
- **~90%** of patients have intermediate- or high-risk disease at diagnosis, with vast majority in intermediate-risk category

## MEDIAN OVERALL SURVIVAL\*

- Intermediate-risk<sup>\*\*</sup>: **~4 – 14.2 years**
- High-risk: **~1.5 years**

\*Measured by Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System (DIPSS) | <sup>\*\*</sup>Int-1 and Int-2  
Harrison C, et al. Expert Rev Hematol 2013; Al-Ali HK, et al. Haematologica 2016; Panda A, et al.  
Decision Resources Group 2022; Gangat et al. Journal Clin Onc. 2011.

# JAK-STAT Pathway and BET Proteins Are Central to Myelofibrosis Pathology



**Dysregulation of JAK–STAT pathway and BET proteins lead to the processes implicated in myelofibrosis**

Tefferi A, et al. Am J Hematol 2021; Shorstova T, et al. Br J Cancer 2021; Mughal TI, et al. Int J Gen Med 2014; Kleppe M, et al. Cancer Cell 2018; Albrecht BK, et al. J Med Chem 2016; Mascarenhas J, et al. J Clin Oncol 2023; Harrison CN, et al. Future Oncol 2022.

## The combination of BET and JAK inhibition:

- Showed broad suppression of the proinflammatory molecules involved in bone marrow fibrosis *in vivo*
- Normalized the balance of precursor red blood cells and precursor platelet-forming cells in the bone marrow *in vivo*

BCL-2, B-cell lymphoma 2; BET, bromodomain and extraterminal domain; CALR, calreticulin; cMyc, cellular Myc oncogene; MPL, Myeloproliferative leukemia virus oncogene; Myc oncogene; JAK, Janus kinase; NF-κB, nuclear factor kappa b; Pol, polymerase; STAT, signal transducer and activator of transcription; TGF, transforming growth factor.

**Combining BET inhibition with JAK inhibition represents a potential therapeutic approach in myelofibrosis to change the natural course of the disease**

# Pelabresib Inhibits BET Proteins, Decreasing the Expression of Genes Related to Blood Cancers

*Pelabresib is an investigational oral drug designed to inhibit BET proteins*

*Helps restore the balance of cells in the bone marrow*

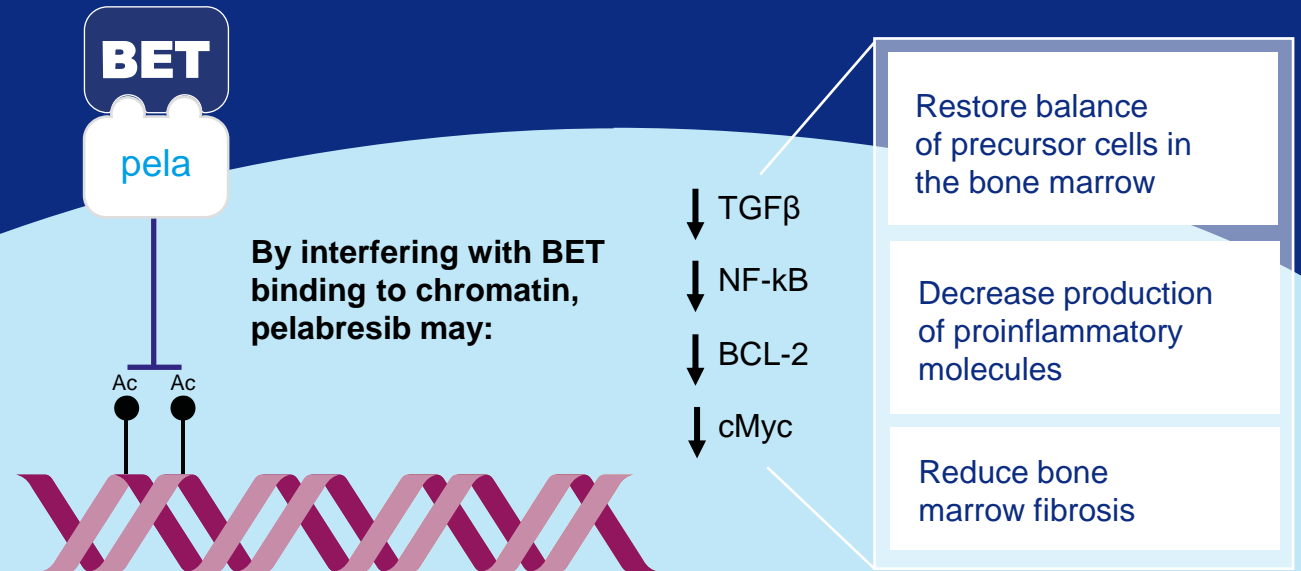
Regulates megakaryocyte (hematopoietic cells responsible for the production of blood platelets) differentiation and proliferation

Reduces proinflammatory signals involved in bone marrow fibrosis

*Half-life (~15 hours) allows for once-daily oral dosing*

Albrecht BK, et al. J Med Chem 2016; Keller P, et al. Hemasphere 2021; Blum KA, et al. Cancer Research Communications 2022; Shi J, Vakoc CR. Mol Cell 2014.

BCL-2, B-cell lymphoma 2; BET, bromodomain and extraterminal domain; cMyc, cellular Myc oncogene; MF, myelofibrosis; NF- $\kappa$ B, nuclear factor kappa b; Pol, polymerase; TGF, transforming growth factor.



# Majority of U.S. Physicians View Combination Therapy as the “Way of the Future” in Myelofibrosis

## MAJORITY IMPRESSED BY THE IMPROVED EFFICACY OF COMBINATION THERAPY

**HESITANT  
TO UTILIZE**  
(13%)

**OPEN  
TO UTILIZE**  
(87%)



## PELABRESIB RANKED AMONG THE HIGHEST IN TOP ATTRIBUTES DRIVING TREATMENT DECISIONS\*

### IMPRESSIVE EFFICACY

(Spleen Volume Reduction, Symptom Improvement)

Mentioned by ~85% of HCPs

### HEMATOLOGIC FUNCTION

(Transfusion Dependency, Hemoglobin Count, Quality of Life)

Mentioned by ~70% of HCPs

### LOW RATES OF HEMATOLOGIC ADVERSE EVENTS

(Anemia, Thrombocythemia, Neutropenia)

Mentioned by ~70% of HCPs

\*MF Drivers and Barriers Qualitative Market Research, Aug 2023 | N=23 MF treating US Hem Oncs & Med Oncs; Product attributes rated based on Target Product Profile for pelabresib



# Pelabresib and Ruxolitinib Combination Offers Potential to Shift Myelofibrosis Treatment Paradigm

*All four myelofibrosis disease hallmarks were improved over placebo plus ruxolitinib in Phase 3 MANIFEST-2 study*

## KEY FINDINGS

- Significantly reduced spleen size, nearly doubling SVR35 response rate
- Showed a strong positive trend in reducing symptom burden
- Improved measures of anemia
- Improvement in bone marrow fibrosis
- Biomarker reductions suggest disease modification
- Safety results in line with assessments from previous clinical trials
- Fewer grade  $\geq 3$  adverse events compared with placebo plus ruxolitinib

## NEXT STEPS

Intend to file for approval in the U.S. and Europe mid-2024

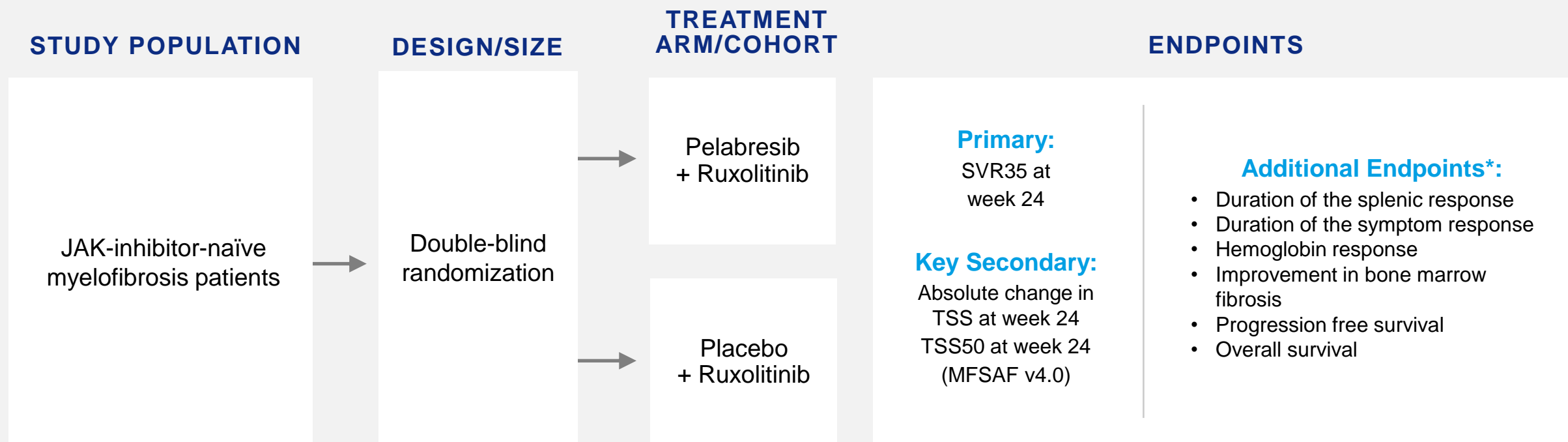
Collect longer-term data, including quality of life and duration of treatment



SVR35,  $\geq 35\%$  reduction in spleen volume  
Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Data Cut-Off August 31, 2023

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2 Study: One of the Largest Myelofibrosis Trials Ever Conducted

**430** *JAK-inhibitor-naïve myelofibrosis patients randomized, representative of the disease population and aligned with NCCN criteria*

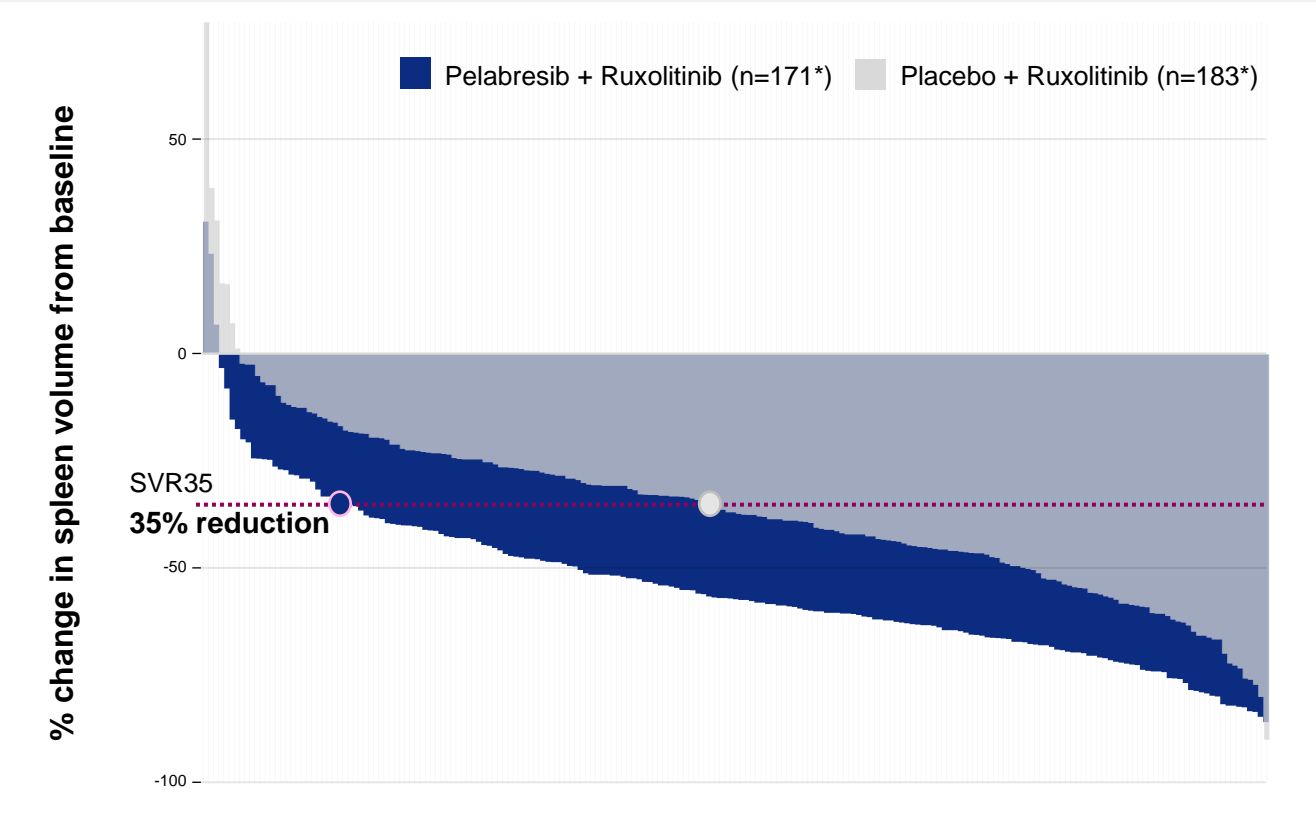


SVR35, ≥35% reduction in spleen volume; TSS50, ≥50% reduction in total symptom score; TSS, total symptom score; MFSAF, Myelofibrosis Symptom Assessment Form; NCCN, National Comprehensive Cancer Network

\*Only includes sample of additional endpoints being assessed in Phase 3 MANIFEST-2 study

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Significantly Reduced Spleen Size at 24 Weeks, Primary Endpoint

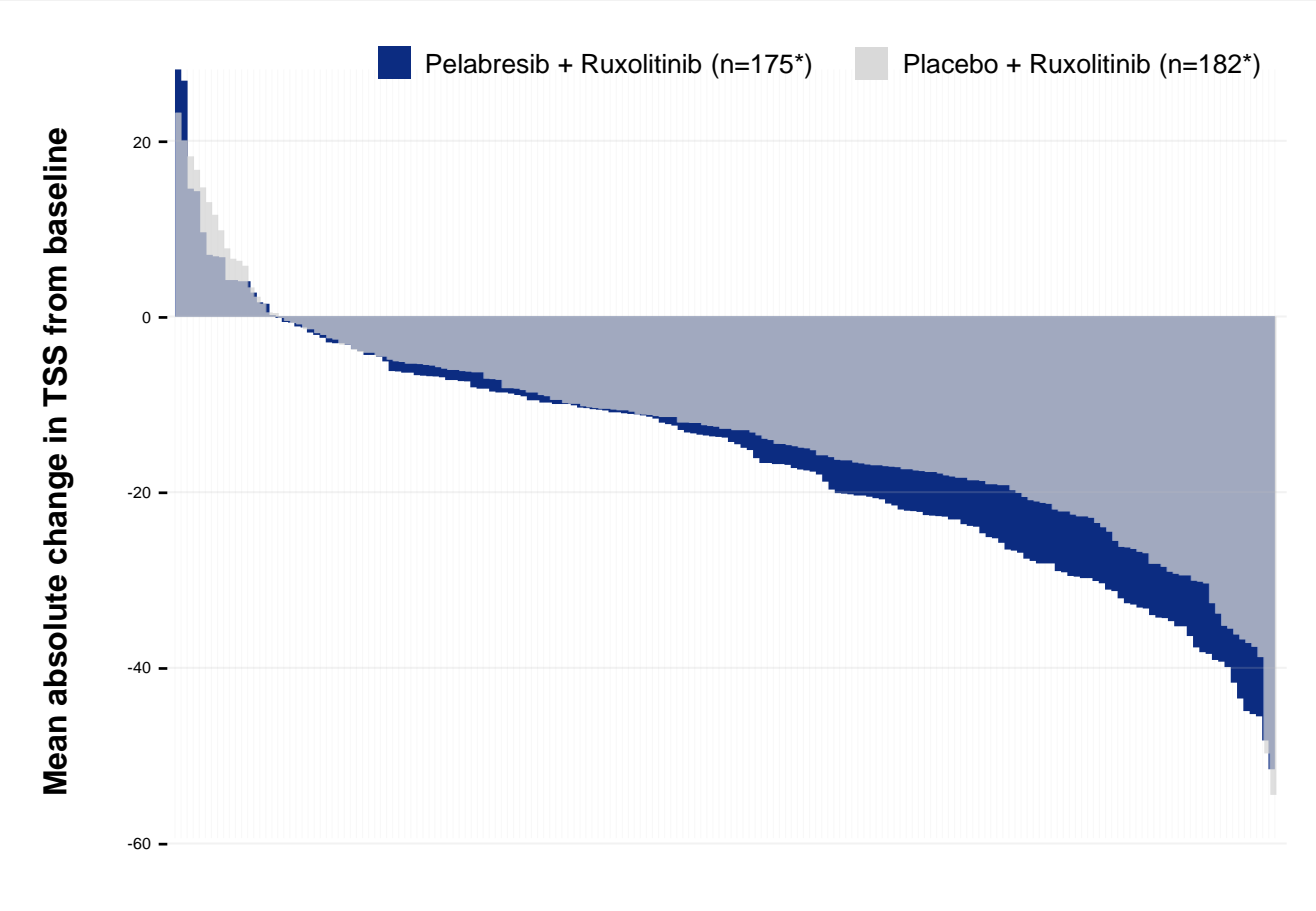
Key finding given the known association between spleen volume reduction and patient survival



| ITT POPULATION   | Pelabresib + Ruxolitinib (N=214) | Placebo + Ruxolitinib (N=216) | p-value |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| SVR35 at Week 24                                       | 65.9%                            | 35.2%                         |         |
| Difference <sup>†</sup> (95% CI)                       | 30.4 (21.6, 39.3)                |                               | <0.001  |
| Mean % change in spleen volume at Week 24 <sup>‡</sup> | -50.6 (n=171)                    | -30.6 (n=183)                 |         |
| 95% CI   | -53.2, -48                       | -33.7, -27.5                  |         |

CI, confidence interval; ITT, intent-to-treat; SVR35, ≥35% reduction in spleen volume. Spleen volume assessed by central read.  
\*Waterfall plots represent patients who have baseline and Week 24 data. †Calculated by stratified Cochran–Mantel–Haenszel test; ‡Patients without Week 24 assessment are considered non-responders.  
Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Data Cut-Off August 31, 2023

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Strong Numerical Improvements in Absolute Change in TSS at 24 Weeks, Key Secondary Endpoint



| ITT POPULATION                                   | Pelabresib + Ruxolitinib (N=214) | Placebo + Ruxolitinib (N=216)    | p-value |
|--|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------|
| TSS change <sup>†</sup> from baseline at Week 24 | -15.99<br>(Mean Baseline: 28.26) | -14.05<br>(Mean Baseline: 27.36) |         |
| Mean difference <sup>‡</sup> (95% CI)            | -1.94 (-3.92, 0.04)              |                                  | 0.0545  |

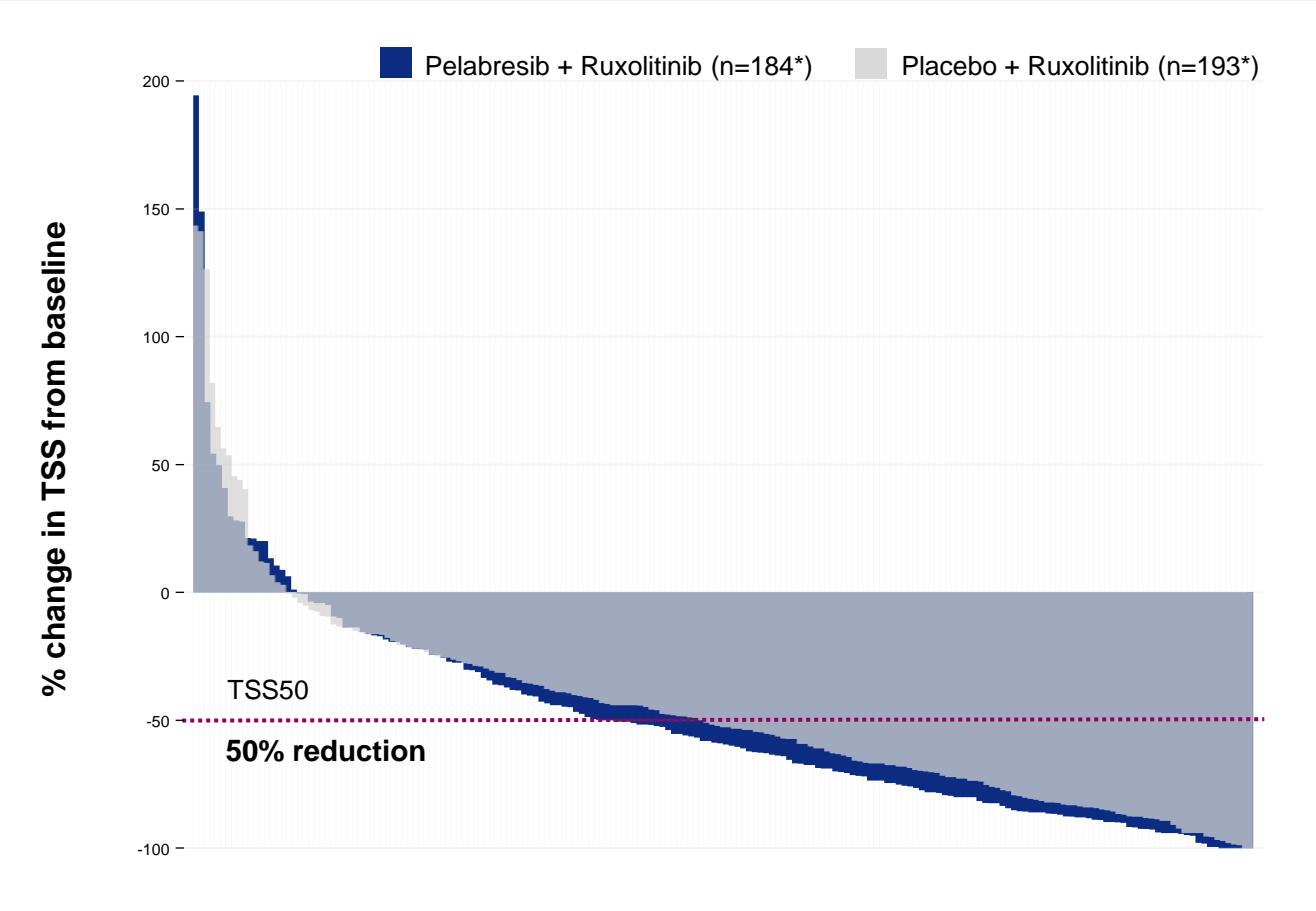
ANCOVA, analysis of covariance; CI, confidence interval; ITT, intent-to-treat; TSS, total symptom score.

\*Waterfall plots represent patients who have baseline and Week 24 data. <sup>†</sup>Change from baseline determined by ANCOVA model using Multiple Imputation. <sup>‡</sup>Least square mean difference from ANCOVA model using baseline DIPSS, baseline platelet count and baseline spleen volume as factors, and baseline TSS as covariate.

Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Data Cut-Off August 31, 2023



# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Numerically Greater Response Rates in TSS50 at 24 Weeks, Key Secondary Endpoint



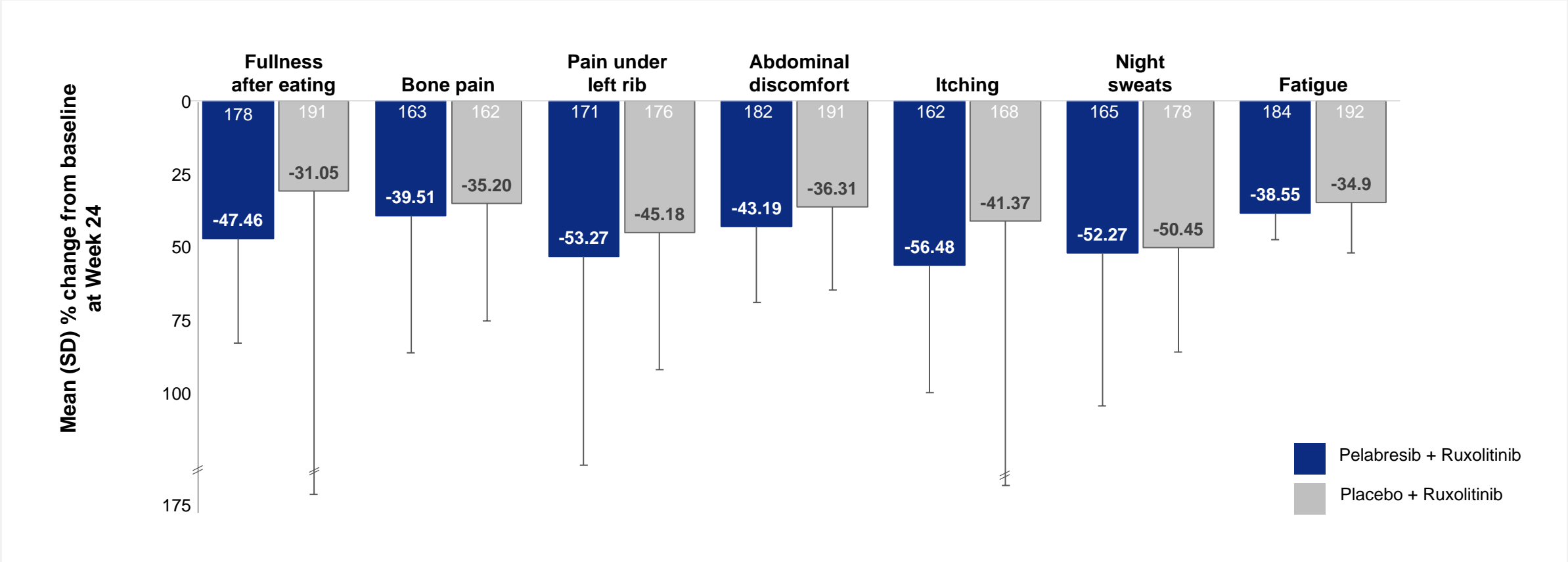
| ITT POPULATION                   | Pelabresib + ruxolitinib (N=214) | Placebo + ruxolitinib (N=216) | p-value |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|---------|
| TSS50 at Week 24                 | 52.3%                            | 46.3%                         |         |
| Difference <sup>†</sup> (95% CI) | 6.0 (-3.5, 15.5)                 |                               | 0.216   |

CI, confidence interval; ITT, intent-to-treat; TSS, total symptom score; TSS50, ≥50% reduction in total symptom score. Patients are evaluable for TSS50 at Week 24 if they have had Week 24 TSS assessment by the data cutoff date or discontinued without Week 24 assessment at any time.

\*Waterfall plots represent patients who have baseline and Week 24 data. †Difference in treatment groups analyzed by stratified Cochran–Mantel–Haenszel test (weighted 95% CI adjusted across strata).

Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Data Cut-Off August 31, 2023

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Disease-Associated Symptom Benefits Were Observed and Balanced Across all TSS Domains



TSS, total symptom score  
Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Data Cut-Off August 31, 2023

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Twofold Increase in Patients Achieving Both SVR35 and TSS50

*Dual SVR35 / TSS50 responders at week 24*

## PELABRESIB + RUXOLITINIB (N=214)

**SVR35 response:**

141 patients  
(65.9%)

**TSS50 response:**

112 patients  
(52.3%)

Only  
SVR35:  
n=55  
25.7%

Both  
SVR35 and TSS50:  
n=86  
**40.2%**

Only  
TSS50:  
n=26  
12.1%

## PLACEBO + RUXOLITINIB (N=216)

**SVR35 response:**

76 patients  
(35.2%)

**TSS50 response:**

100 patients  
(46.3%)

Only  
SVR35:  
n=36  
16.7%

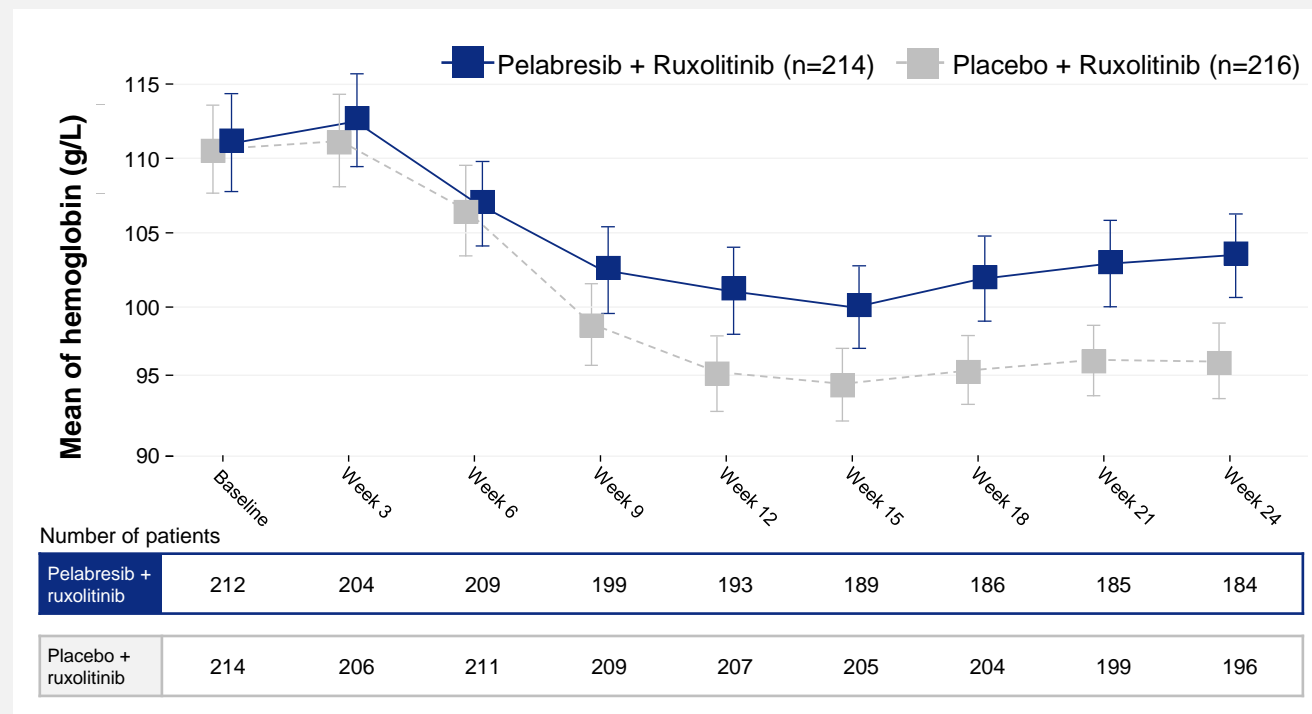
Both SVR35  
and TSS50:  
n=40  
**18.5%**

Only  
TSS50:  
n=60  
27.8%

SVR35,  $\geq 35\%$  reduction in spleen volume; TSS50,  $\geq 50\%$  reduction in total symptom score. Diagrams are not drawn to scale.  
Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Data Cut-Off August 31, 2023

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Improved Multiple Measures of Anemia

*More patients achieved hemoglobin response and fewer patients required transfusions versus placebo plus ruxolitinib*



## ITT POPULATION

|  | Pelabresib + Ruxolitinib (N=214) | Placebo + Ruxolitinib (N=216) |
|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Hemoglobin response* (95% CI)  | 9.3% (5.45, 13.25)               | 5.6% (2.50, 8.61)             |
| Patients requiring RBC transfusion during screening, n (%)                         | 35 (16.4)                        | 25 (11.6)                     |
| Patients requiring RBC transfusion during first 24 weeks of study treatment, n (%) | 66 (30.8)                        | 89 (41.2)                     |

ITT, intent-to-treat; CI, confidence interval; RBC, red blood cell.

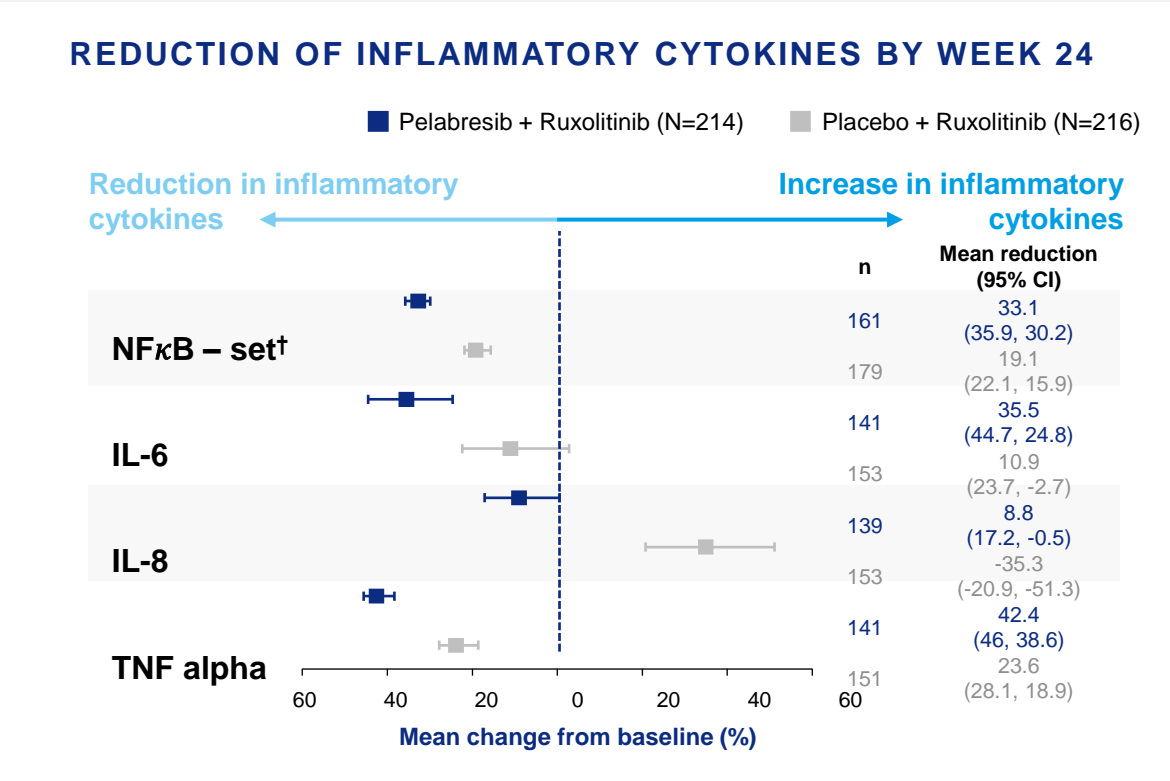
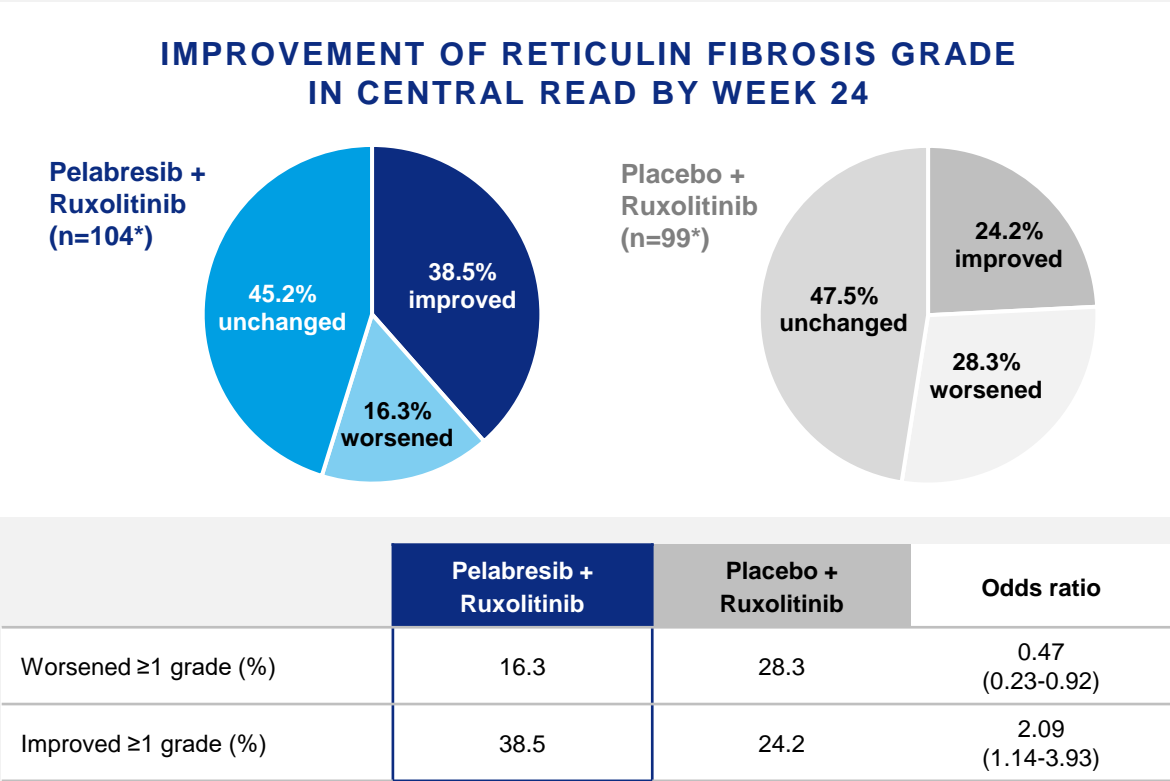
\*Hemoglobin response is defined as a  $\geq 1.5$  g/dL mean increase in hemoglobin from baseline in the absence of transfusions during the previous 12 weeks. Baseline hemoglobin defined as the last assessment prior to or on Cycle 1 Day 1, regardless of blood transfusions. A similar effect was observed across DIPSS categories.

Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Preliminary Analyses from Data Cut-Off: August 31, 2023



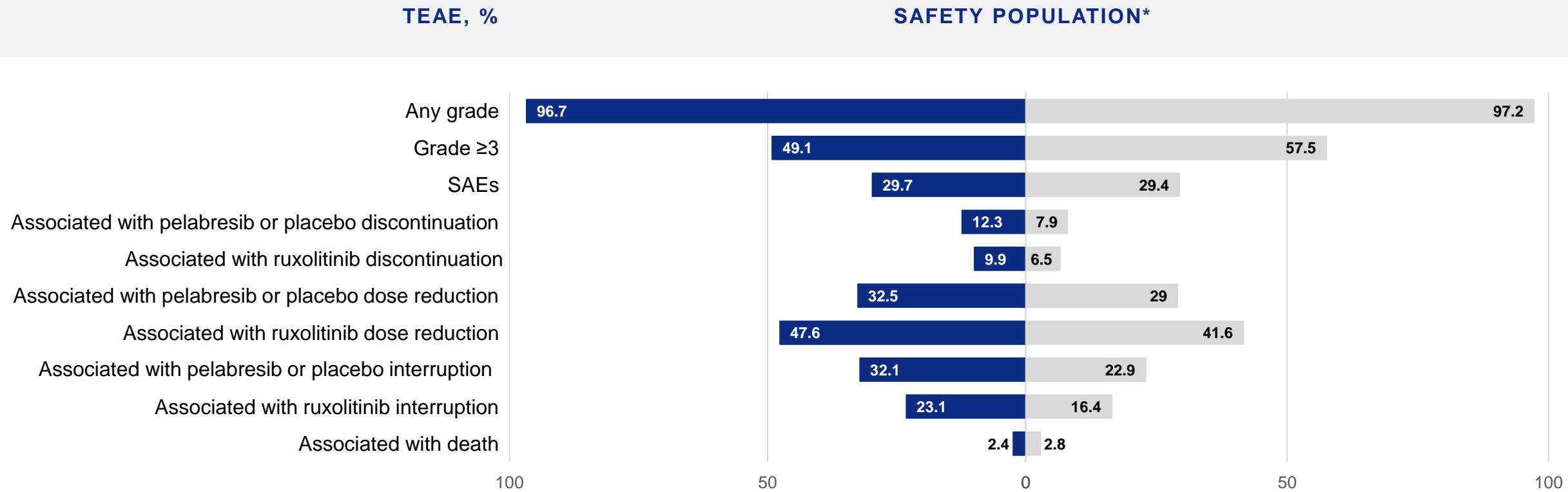
# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Reduction in Bone Marrow Fibrosis and Inflammatory Cytokines

*Biomolecular improvements suggest early evidence of a disease-modifying effect*



IL-6, interleukin 6; IL-8, interleukin 8; NFκB, Nuclear factor kappa-light-chain-enhancer of activated B cells; TNF, tumor necrosis factor. \*n=203 evaluable patients (baseline & C9D1). †NFκB - set includes: B2M, CRP, CD40-L, HEPCIDIN, IL-6, IL-12p40, MIP-1 BETA, MPIF-1, RANTES, TNFR2, TNF alpha, VCAM-1.  
Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Preliminary Analyses from Data Cut-Off: August 31, 2023

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Pelabresib and Ruxolitinib Combination Safety Results In Line with Assessments from Previous Clinical Trials



TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event; SAE, serious adverse event. \*Safety population: received at least one dose of study drug. TEAEs are regardless of relationship to study drug. A TEAE for the double-blinded treatment period is defined as an adverse event that has a start date on or after the first dose of the pelabresib/placebo and before 30 days after the last dose of pelabresib/placebo or before the start of alternative (off-study) treatment for myelofibrosis (MF) whichever occurs first.  
Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Preliminary Analyses from Data Cut-Off: August 31, 2023

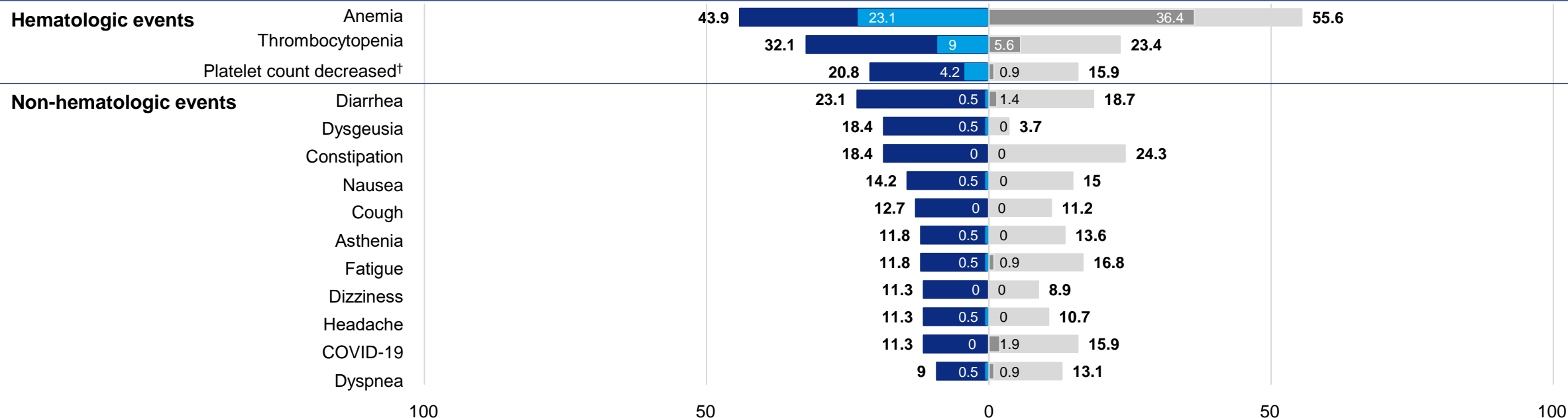
■ Pelabresib + ruxolitinib (N=212)  
■ Placebo + ruxolitinib (N=214)



# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2: Grade $\geq 3$ Adverse Events Were Less Frequent with Pelabresib and Ruxolitinib Combination

## TEAES OF ALL GRADES THAT OCCURRED IN $\geq 10\%$ OF PATIENTS

## SAFETY POPULATION\*



COVID-19, coronavirus disease 2019; TEAE, treatment-emergent adverse event.





\*Safety population: received at least one dose of study drug. †Platelet count decreased was classified under the system organ class of investigation. TEAEs are regardless of relationship to study drug. A TEAE for the double-blinded treatment period is defined as an adverse event that has a start date on or after the first dose of the pelabresib/placebo and before 30 days after the last dose of pelabresib/placebo or before the start of alternative (off-study) treatment for myelofibrosis (MF), whichever occurs first.

Rampal, R, et.al. ASH 2023. Oral 628. | Preliminary Analyses from Data Cut-Off: August 31, 2023

■ Pelabresib + ruxolitinib (N=212)
 ■ Placebo + ruxolitinib (N=214)
 ■ % Grade  $\geq 3$ 
■ % Grade  $\geq 3$

# Phase 3 MANIFEST-2 Study Outcome Reinforced by Robust, Long-Term Phase 2 MANIFEST Results

*Phase 2 MANIFEST Study: Ongoing, global, open-label investigation of pelabresib in myelofibrosis and essential thrombocythemia*

|       | STUDY POPULATION  |   | TREATMENT                       |             | PRIMARY ENDPOINT | SECONDARY ENDPOINTS |
|-------|---|---|---------------------------------|-------------|------------------|---------------------|
| ARM 1 | <b>Second-Line Myelofibrosis</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No longer on ruxolitinib</li> <li>Refractory or intolerant or ineligible</li> </ul> |    | <b>Pelabresib monotherapy</b>   | TD (1A)     | TD → TI          | SVR35, TSS50        |
|       |   |   |                                 | Non-TD (1B) | SVR35            | TSS50               |
| ARM 2 | <b>Second-Line Myelofibrosis</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>'Add on' to ruxolitinib</li> <li>Suboptimal response or MF progression</li> </ul>   |    | <b>Pelabresib + Ruxolitinib</b> | TD (2A)     | TD → TI          | SVR35, TSS50        |
|       |   |   |                                 | Non-TD (2B) | SVR35            | TSS50               |
| ARM 3 | <b>First-Line Myelofibrosis</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>No prior JAKi use</li> <li>DIPSS: Int-2/High</li> </ul>                              |    | <b>Pelabresib + Ruxolitinib</b> |             | SVR35            | TSS50               |
| ARM 4 | <b>Essential Thrombocythemia</b> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>High-risk disease</li> <li>Resistant or intolerant to HU</li> </ul>                 |  | <b>Pelabresib monotherapy</b>   |             | CHR              | TSS50               |

CHR, complete hematologic response; DIPSS, Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System; HU, hydroxyurea; Int-2, intermediate-2; JAKi, Janus kinase inhibitor; SVR35, ≥35% reduction in spleen volume at Week 24; TD, transfusion dependent; TI, transfusion independent; TSS50, ≥50% reduction in total symptom score at Week 24.  
Harrison C, et al. EHA 2023. Abstract P1027. | Data Cut-Off July 29, 2022

# Phase 2 MANIFEST Arm 3: Pelabresib and Ruxolitinib in JAK Inhibitor-Naïve Patients with Myelofibrosis

## STUDY POPULATION

No prior JAK  
inhibitor use

DIPSS:  
Int-2/High

## TREATMENT

Pelabresib +  
Ruxolitinib  
N=84

## ENDPOINTS

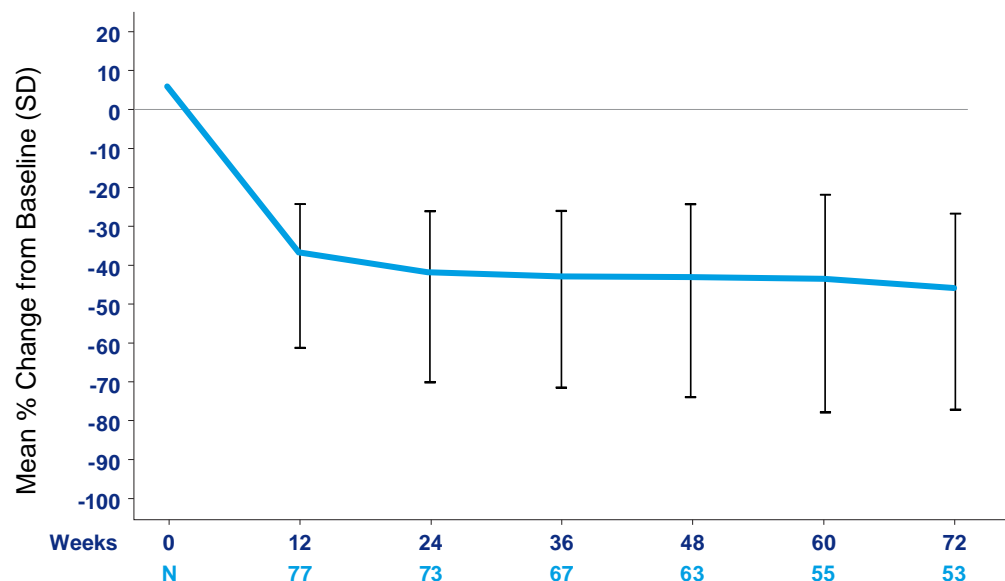
**Primary:**  
SVR35 at 24 Weeks

**Key Secondary:**  
TSS50 at 24 weeks  
(MFSAF v4.0)

DIPSS, Dynamic International Prognostic Scoring System; Int-2, intermediate-2; SVR35,  $\geq 35\%$  reduction in spleen volume; TSS50,  $\geq 50\%$  reduction in total symptom score; MFSAF, Myelofibrosis Symptom Assessment Form  
Harrison C, et al. EHA 2023. Abstract P1027. | Data Cut-Off July 29, 2022

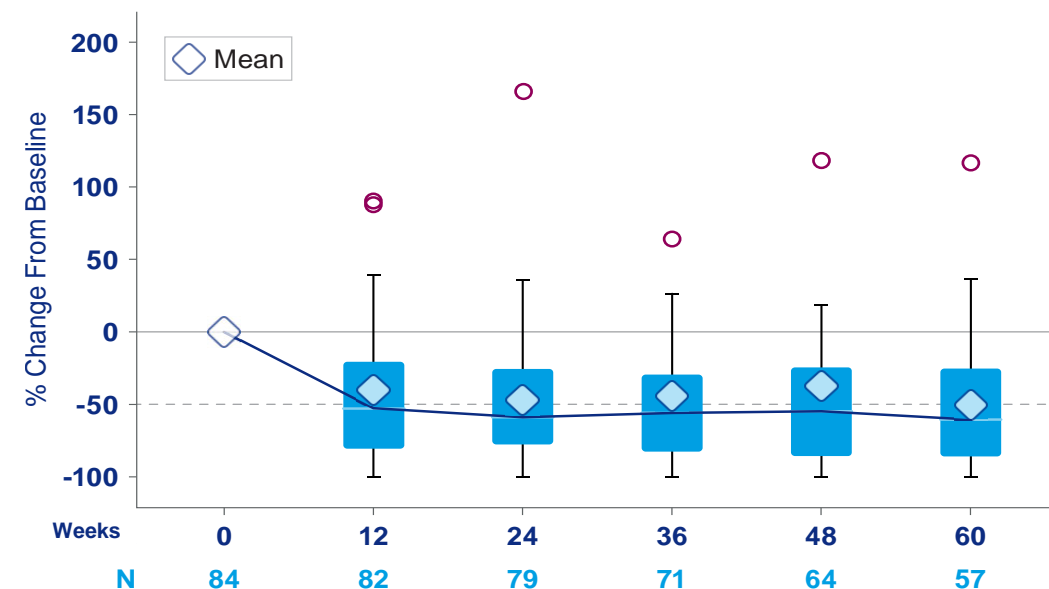
# Phase 2 MANIFEST Arm 3: Pelabresib and Ruxolitinib Offers Deep and Durable Improvements in Spleen Volume and Disease-Associated Symptoms

## SPLEEN VOLUME CHANGE OVER TIME



**SVR35 AT WK 24: 68%** (57/84)

## TOTAL SYMPTOM SCORE CHANGE OVER TIME



**TSS50 AT WK 24: 56%** (46/82)

Harrison C, et al. EHA 2023. Abstract P1027. | Data Cut-Off July 29, 2022



# Phase 2 MANIFEST Arm 4: Pelabresib Monotherapy in Patients with High-Risk Essential Thrombocythemia

*Data underscore potential clinical benefit of pelabresib in myeloid diseases beyond myelofibrosis*

## STUDY POPULATION

High-risk essential thrombocythemia  
Refractory or intolerant to hydroxyurea\*  
≥ two symptoms average score ≥3/ TSS ≥15  
Platelets >600 × 10<sup>9</sup>/L

## DESIGN/SIZE

Pelabresib monotherapy  
N=21

## ENDPOINTS

**Primary:**  
Complete hematologic response (confirmed – CHR)

**Secondary:**  
Partial hematologic response (confirmed – PHR)  
Symptom improvement (MPN-SAF)

Complete Hematologic Response (CHR): Normal platelet and white blood cell count with these labs confirmed after 3 weeks, and a normal spleen size

Partial Hematologic Response (PHR): Platelets 400 – 600 and normal white blood cell count with these labs confirmed after 3 weeks

Hematologic Response is confirmed, when conditions are met in two consecutive cycles; unconfirmed, when conditions are met in one cycle but not in the next cycle

MPN-SAF, Myeloproliferative Neoplasm Symptom Assessment Form; TSS, total symptom score

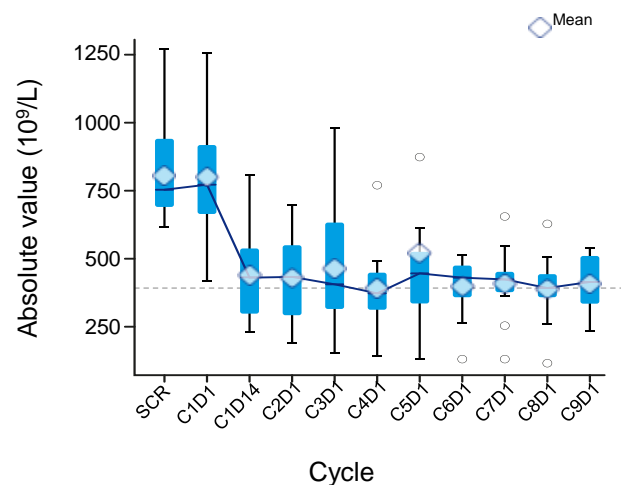
Passamonti F, et al. EHA 2023. S168

\*Refractory or intolerant criteria, as per Barosi, et al. 2007.

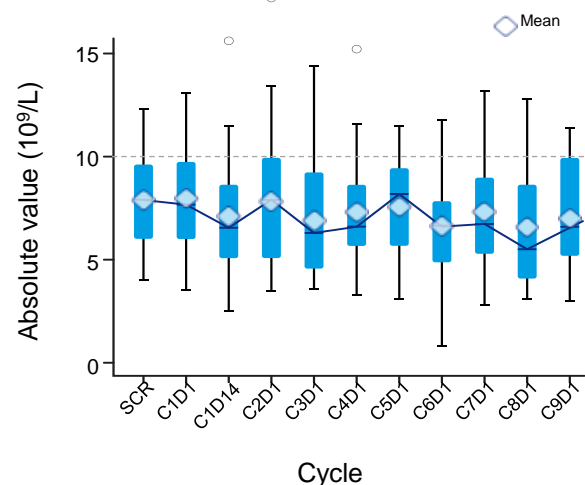
# Phase 2 MANIFEST Arm 4: 60% of Essential Thrombocythemia Patients Had Confirmed Complete or Partial Hematologic Response at Any Time

*Pelabresib monotherapy normalized platelet count over time without causing anemia or thrombocytopenia*

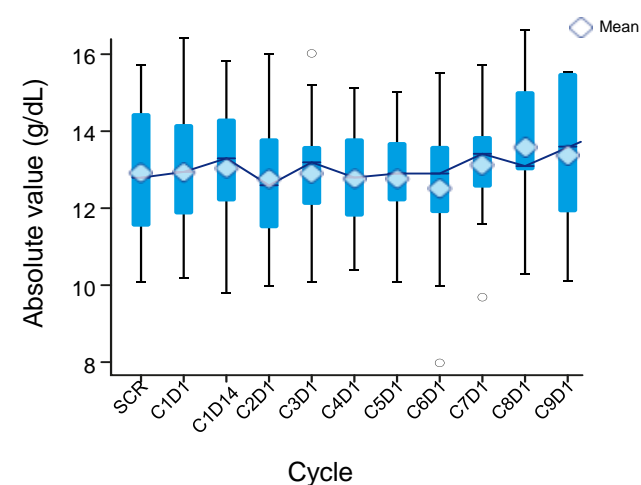
## PLATELETS OVER TIME



## WHITE BLOOD CELL OVER TIME



## HEMOGLOBIN OVER TIME



CHR or PHR  
(Confirmed)

60%  
(12/20)

CHR or PHR  
(Unconfirmed)

90%  
(18/20)

The most common nonhematologic adverse events were nausea, diarrhea and dysgeusia. Hemorrhagic or thromboembolic events were reported in 30% of patients. No grade 4 events or higher were reported.

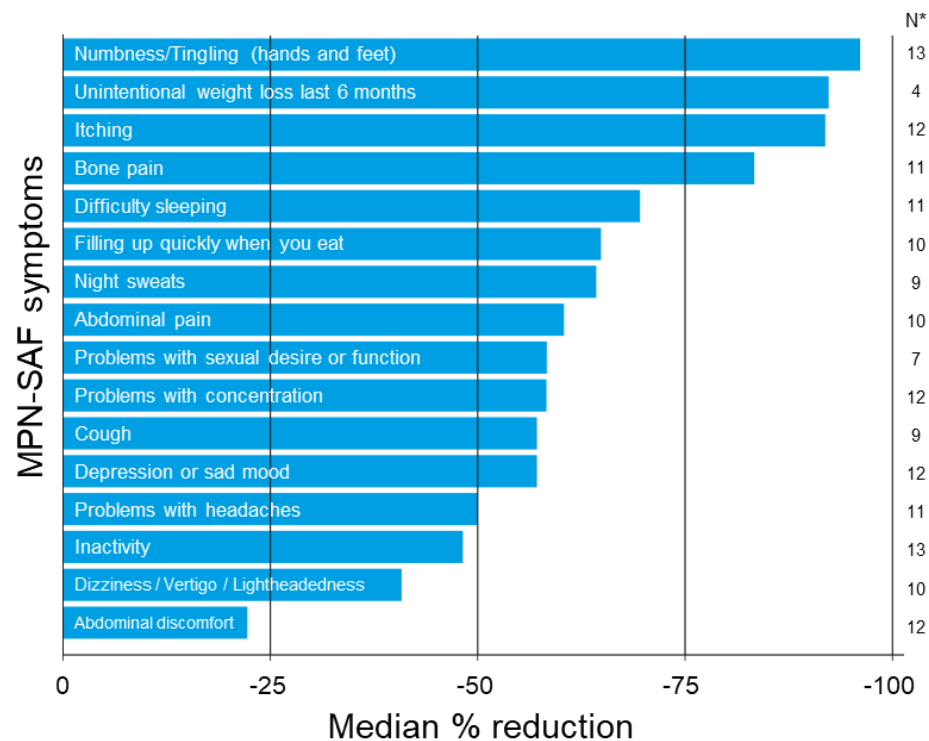
Complete Hematologic Response (CHR): Normal platelet and white blood cell count with these labs confirmed after 3 weeks, and a normal spleen size

Partial Hematologic Response (PHR): Platelets 400 – 600 and normal white blood cell count with these labs confirmed after 3 weeks

Passamonti F, et al. EHA 2023. Abstract S168. | Data Cut-Off July 29, 2022

# Phase 2 MANIFEST Arm 4: Symptom Reduction in Essential Thrombocythemia Patients Observed Across All MPN-SAF Domains

## BEST PERCENTAGE REDUCTION IN MPN-SAF SYMPTOMS



One-half of patients had  $\geq 50\%$  reduction in total symptom score from baseline at any time

| N=14*                             | MPN-SAF SYMPTOMS |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|
| TSS50 at any time                 | 50% (7/14)       |
| Median % TSS reduction at Week 12 | -31%             |

\*Patients with non-missing and nonzero baseline symptom score.  
TSS, total symptom score assessed based on MPN-SAF; TSS50,  $\geq 50\%$  reduction in total symptom score from baseline.  
MPN-SAF, Myeloproliferative Neoplasm Symptom Assessment Form  
Fever not depicted in the figure due to zero baseline.

Passamonti F, et al. EHA 2023. Abstract S168. | Data Cut-Off July 29, 2022

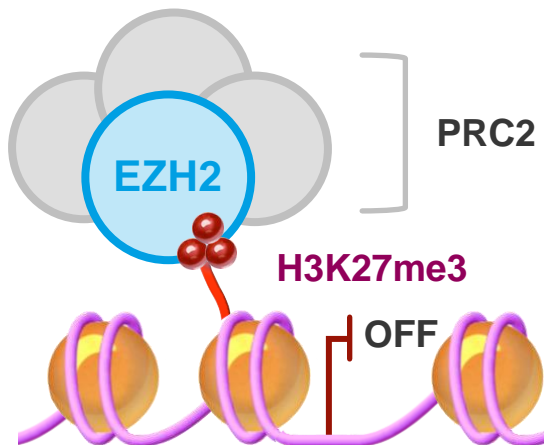
# 03

## Tulmimetostat

Demonstrate potential in broad array of advanced solid tumors  
and lymphomas

# EZH2 Has a Broad Role in Tumor Biology

## POLYCOMB REPRESSIVE COMPLEX 2 (PRC2)



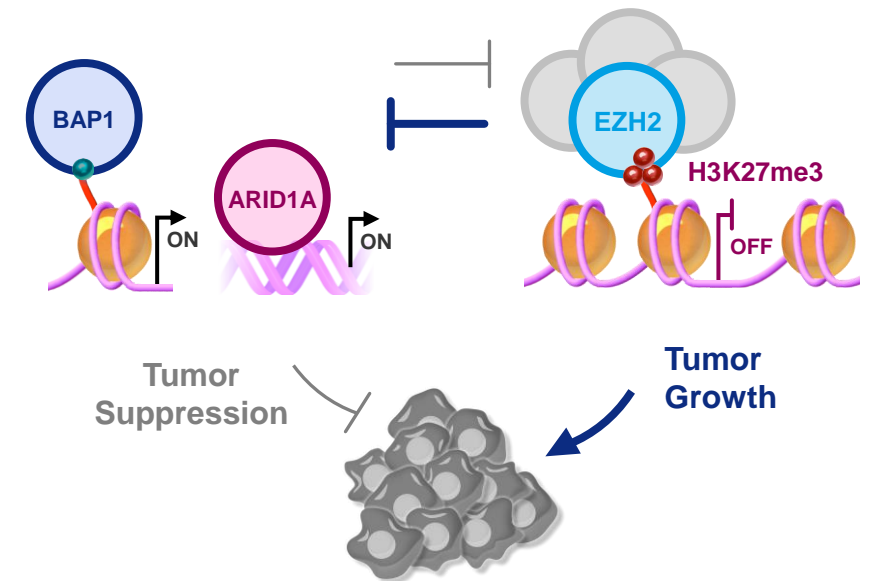
EZH2 trimethylates histone H3 at **lysine 27** (H3K27me3) and **suppresses transcription**

## BROAD IMPLICATIONS IN CANCER

-  Activating mutations
-  Oncogenic driver synergy
-  Synthetic lethal relationships
-  Drug resistance
-  Tumor immunity

## SYNTHETIC LETHAL INTERACTIONS BY EZH2 INHIBITION

### ACTIVATION VS. REPRESSION



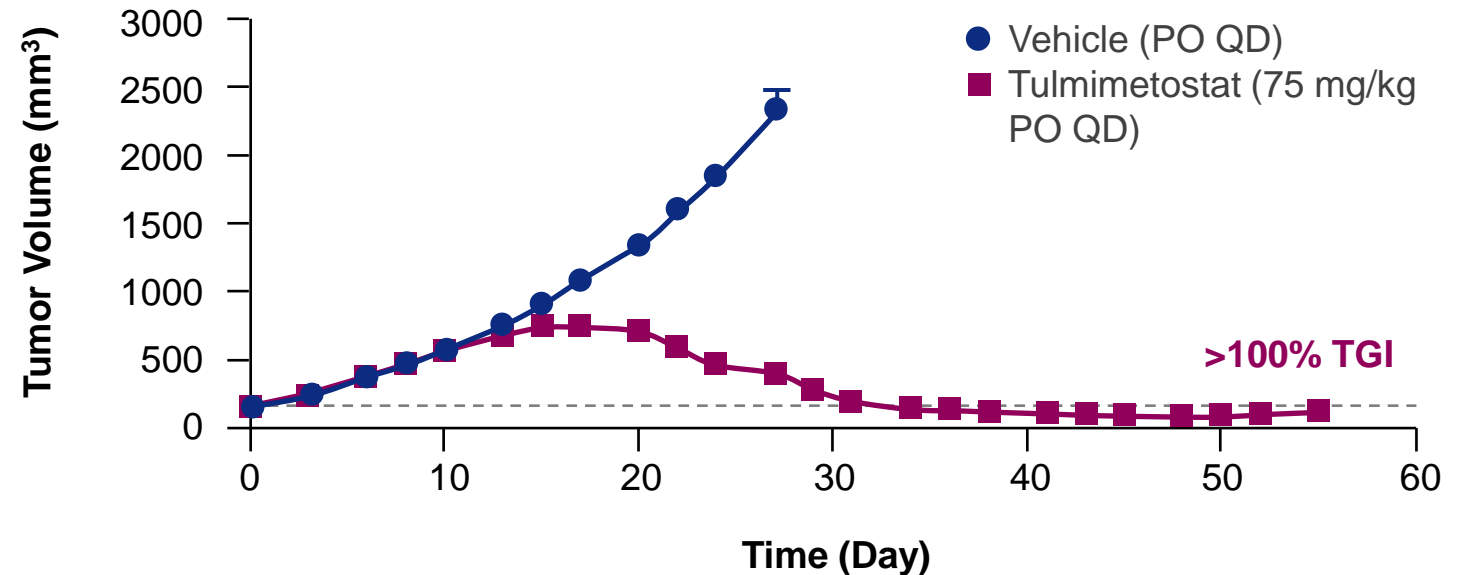
# Tulmimetostat is a Next-Generation Dual EZH2/EZH1 Inhibitor Offering Potential First- and Best-in-Class Opportunities

## TULMIMETOSTAT VS. 1ST GEN EZH2I



- Increased **potency**
- Longer **residence time**
- **No evidence of reduced exposure** due to induced metabolism
- **Enhanced physicochemical properties**

## HT1376 ARID1A MUTANT BLADDER CANCER XENOGRAFT MODEL



EED, embryonic ectoderm development protein; EZH2, enhancer of zeste homolog 2; PO, per os (by mouth, oral); QD, quaque die (once daily); ARID1A, AT-rich interacting domain containing protein 1A  
Lakhani N, et al. ASCO 2021. Abstract 3104.

Tulmimetostat showed superior tumor reduction compared with the vehicle in several *in vivo* tumor models

# Phase 1/2 Study Investigating Tulumimetostat Monotherapy in Heavily Pretreated Patients with Advanced Cancers

## COMPLETED PHASE 1: ESCALATION

Advanced Tumor


**RP2D**  
Tulumimetostat  
Monotherapy


Partial responses in  
unselected heavily pre-treated  
patients with mesothelioma and  
endometrial cancer

## PHASE 2: TWO-STAGED EXPANSION

*Disease-Specific Cohorts*

|           |   |           |   |
|-----------|---|-----------|---|
| <b>M1</b> | Tumor Agnostic Solid Cancers<br>( <i>ARID1A</i> mutant) | <b>M4</b> | Lymphoma (either B-cell or T-cell<br>histology, <i>EZH2</i> mutant and wildtype)**<br><i>Biomarker selected for DLBCL</i> |
| <b>M2</b> | Ovarian Clear Cell Carcinoma<br>( <i>ARID1A</i> mutant) | <b>M5</b> | Pleural or Peritoneal Mesothelioma<br>( <i>BAP1</i> loss)   |
| <b>M3</b> | Endometrial Carcinoma<br>( <i>ARID1A</i> mutant)        | <b>M6</b> | Metastatic Castration Resistant<br>Prostate Cancer  |

 **Biomarker  
selected cohort**

 **Not biomarker  
defined**

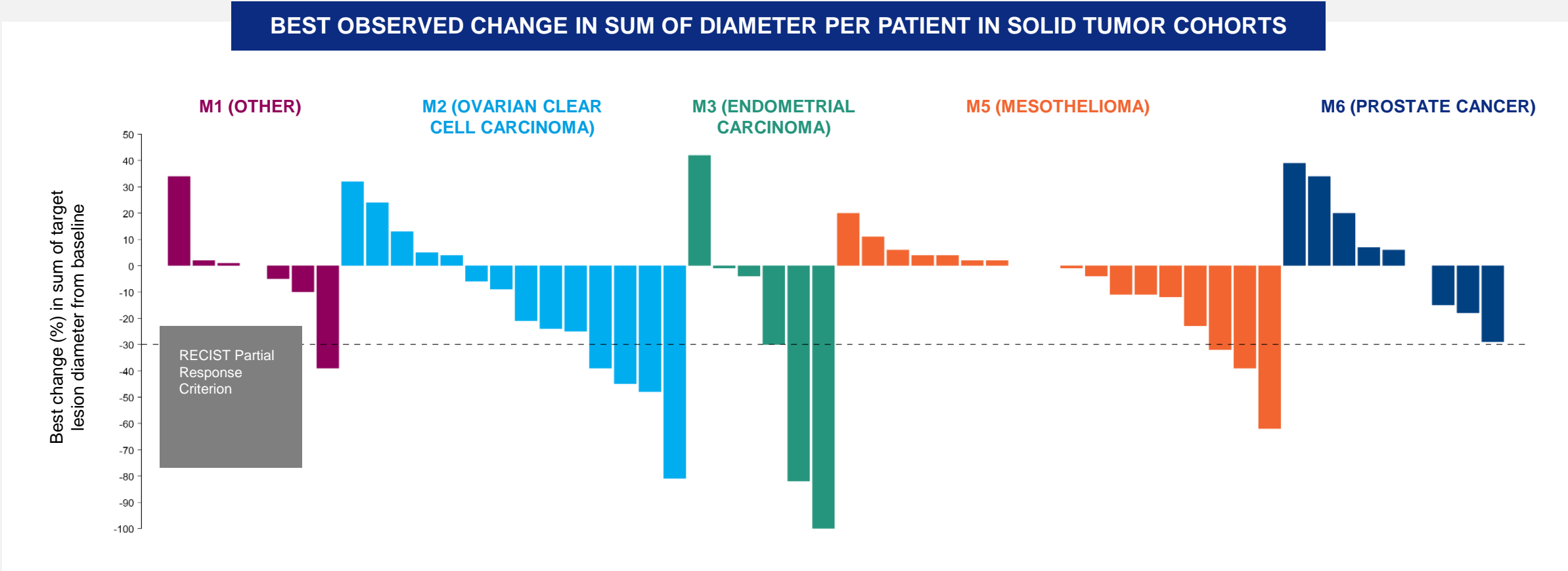
*\*\*Cohort M4: Enrolled ~20 patients including PTCL and DLBCL*

Phase 2 includes heavily pre-treated patients and, in several cohorts,  
pre-selected patients based on potentially relevant biomarkers

*EZH2*, enhancer of zeste homolog 2; *ARID1A*, AT-rich interacting domain containing protein 1A; *RP2D*, recommended Phase 2 dose, PTCL, peripheral T-cell lymphoma; DLBCL, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma  
Lakhani N, et al. ASCO 2021. Abstract 3104.

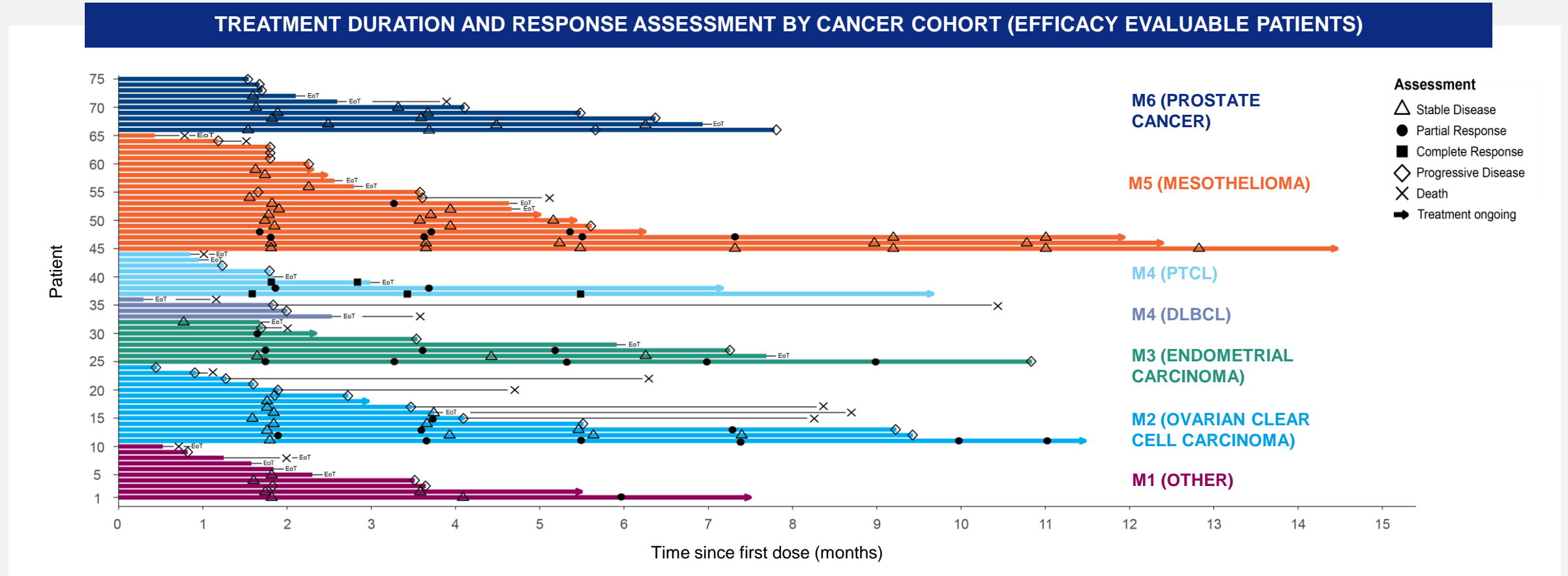


# Tulmimetostat Shows Tumor Reduction and Disease Stabilization Across All Solid Tumor Cohorts



RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors  
Drescher C, et al. ASCO 2023. Abstract 3094. | Data Cut-Off February 14, 2023

# Tulmimetostat Demonstrates Anti-Tumor Activity Across All Indications Investigated

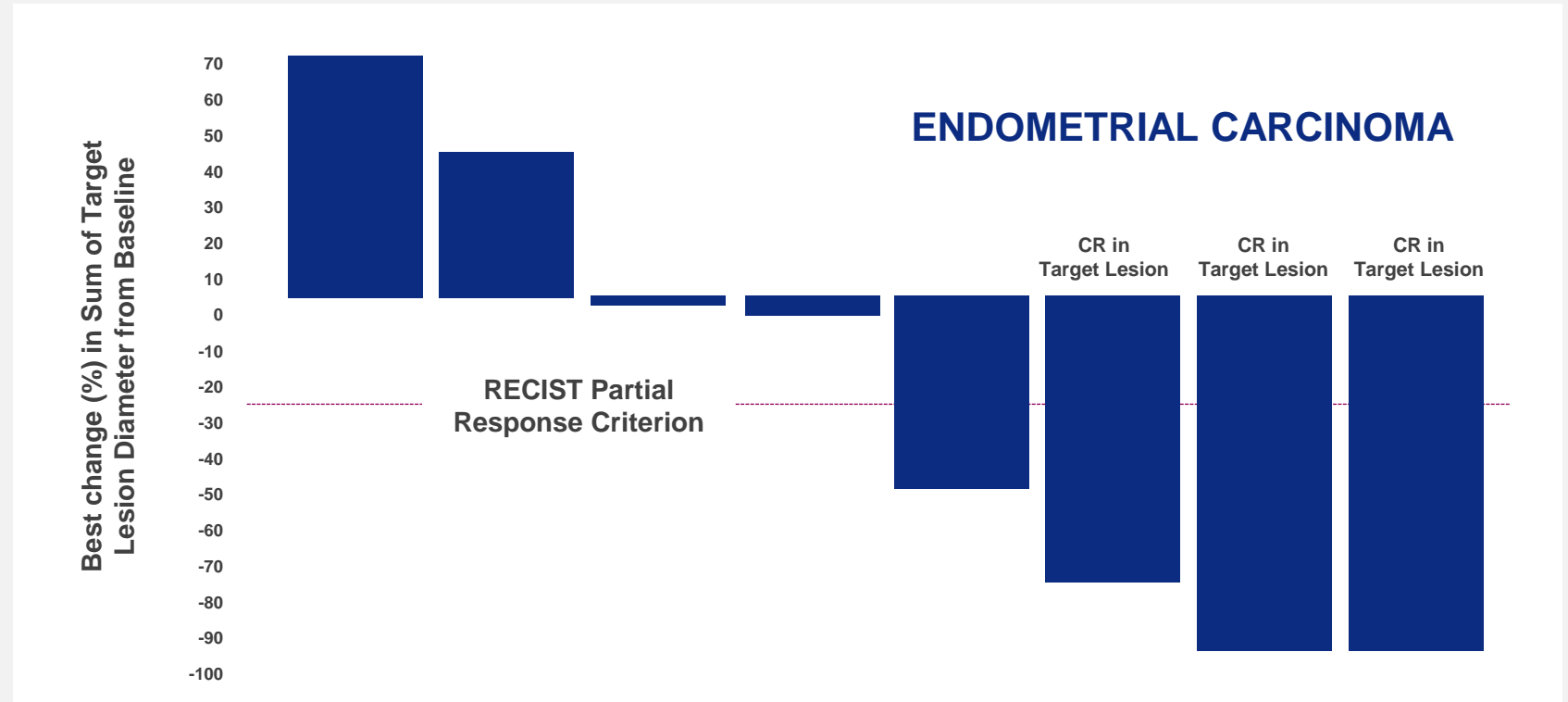


PTCL, peripheral T-cell lymphoma; DLBCL, diffuse large B-cell lymphoma  
 Drescher C, et al. ASCO 2023. Abstract 3094. | Data Cut-Off February 14, 2023

# FDA Grants Fast Track Designation for Tulumimetostat in Endometrial Cancer

*Tulumimetostat and pelabresib have both received Fast Track designations from the FDA*

Fast Track designation granted for the treatment of patients with advanced, recurrent or metastatic endometrial cancer harboring *ARID1A* mutations and who have progressed on at least one prior line of treatment



RECIST, Response Evaluation Criteria in Solid Tumors; CR, complete response; ARID1A, AT-rich interacting domain containing protein 1A

# Tulmimetostat Safety Profile Appears Manageable for Heavily Pretreated Patients with Advanced Cancer

## MOST FREQUENTLY REPORTED TREATMENT-EMERGENT ADVERSE EVENTS (TEAEs)\*

| Preferred Term     | Any Grade | Grade ≥3  |
|--------------------|-----------|-----------|
| Thrombocytopenia   | 41 (50.6) | 20 (24.7) |
| Diarrhea           | 37 (45.7) | 9 (11.1)  |
| Anemia             | 29 (35.8) | 12 (14.8) |
| Nausea             | 27 (33.3) | 1 (1.2)   |
| Fatigue            | 26 (32.1) | 0         |
| Alopecia           | 22 (27.2) | 1 (1.2)   |
| Dysgeusia          | 20 (24.7) | 0         |
| Vomiting           | 18 (22.2) | 1 (1.2)   |
| Decreased appetite | 12 (14.8) | 1 (1.2)   |
| Neutropenia        | 13 (16.0) | 11 (13.6) |
| Weight decreased   | 10 (12.3) | 0         |

The majority of the most frequently reported TEAEs were Grade 1 or 2

Safety profile is consistent with the mechanism of action of EZH2 inhibition

\*Occurring in ≥10% of patients. Data are N (%) patients in the safety analysis set  
Drescher C, et al. ASCO 2023. Abstract 3094. | Data Cut-Off February 14, 2023

# 04

## Partner Programs

Offering potential upside and options for non-dilutive financing

# Mid-to-Late-Stage Partner Programs Progressing Well, Offering Potential Upside and Options for Non-Dilutive Financing

|                    | PARTNER                           | DISEASE AREA  | STATUS                          |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------|---|---------------------------------|
| <b>IANALUMAB</b>   | Novartis                          | Sjögren's disease<br>Lupus Nephritis<br>Other autoimmune diseases | Several ongoing Phase 3 studies |
| <b>ABELACIMAB</b>  | Anthos Therapeutics               | Venous Thromboembolism<br>Prevention                              | Three ongoing Phase 3 studies   |
| <b>SETRUSUMAB</b>  | Ultragenyx and<br>Mereo BioPharma | Osteogenesis Imperfecta   | Pivotal ongoing Phase 2/3 study |
| <b>BIMAGRUMAB</b>  | Lilly                             | Adult Obesity   | Ongoing Phase 2b study          |
| <b>FELZARTAMAB</b> | HI-Bio and<br>I-Mab Biopharma     | Multiple Myeloma<br>Autoimmune Indications (PMN, IgAN)            | Ongoing clinical development    |

PMN: primary membranous nephropathy; IgAN: immunoglobulin a nephropathy

# 05

## Summary



# MorphoSys is Well-Positioned for Innovation in Oncology

## PROPOSED ACQUISITION BY NOVARTIS

EXPECTED TO CLOSE IN FIRST HALF OF 2024

Provides attractive, immediate and certain cash value to shareholders

Maximizes and accelerates potential of pelabresib on global scale

### PELABRESIB

Pelabresib and ruxolitinib improved all four hallmarks of myelofibrosis in MANIFEST-2

Intend to file for approval in first-line myelofibrosis in U.S. and Europe in mid-2024

Approval offers multi-billion-dollar market opportunity

Strong evidence of potential clinical benefit in other myeloid diseases

### TULMIMETOSTAT

Potential best- and first-in-class opportunities in array of advanced cancers

Promising Phase 2 data, deep and durable responses in heavily pre-treated patients with solid tumors or lymphomas

FDA Fast Track designation in *ARID1A*-mutated endometrial cancer\*

### FINANCIALS

€ 680.5 million in cash and other financial assets as of December 31, 2023

Raised € 102.7 million in gross funding in December 2023

Cash available approximately until early 2026\*\*

DLBCL: diffuse large B-cell lymphoma; r/r: relapsed/refractory; FL / MZL: follicular lymphoma or marginal zone lymphoma; ARID1A, AT-rich interacting domain containing protein 1A

\*Patients with advanced, recurrent or metastatic endometrial cancer harboring ARID1A mutations and who have progressed on at least one prior line of treatment

\*\*On a standalone basis and including convertible debt repayment

# Thank you!

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